Муниципальное общеобразовательное учреждение «Шайгинская основная общеобразовательная школа»

Методическая разработка урока английского языка в 9 классе «Влияние слухов в сети Интернет на нашу жизнь»

> Разработал: учитель английского языка Яровикова С.Н.

р.п.Шайгино 2023-2024 уч.г. Урок в 9 классе по теме: Влияние слухов в сети Интернет на нашу жизнь

Цель урока: определить степень влияния непроверенных фактов на нашу жизнь, положительные и отрицательные стороны этого влияния. <u>Задачи:</u>

Образовательные:

- 1. Формирование навыка ознакомительного прослушивания текста с некоторыми новыми словами и поиску необходимой информации.
- 2. Первичное ознакомление с новой лексикой по теме, и первичное закрепление лексики.
- 3. Формирование коммуникативной компетентности И умения сотрудничества со сверстниками по теме урока.

Развивающие:

- 1. Развитие умения строить высказывания по предложенному образцу.
- 2. развитие критического мышления.

Воспитательные:

1.воспитание чувства патриотизма и интернационализма, видения себя как гражданина мира.

2. формирование личностных УУД через содержание учебного материала урока.

3. формирование целостного, социально ориентированного взгляда на мир в его органичном единстве и разнообразии природы.

Оборудование: УМК, компьютер, интерактивная доска, раздаточный материал.

Лексический материал: по теме « социальные сети», «непроверенные факты».

Форма урока:

ролевая игра, класс делится на 3 группы: защитники «слухов», противники «слухов» и независимые эксперты. В ходе урока и те и другие, опираясь на факты, предложенные независимыми экспертами, должны принять резолюцию по данной

проблеме.

Ход урока:

- 1. Организационный момент.
- 2. Целеполагание.
- 3. Актуализация знаний.
- 4. Основная часть.
- 1) Выполнение пред текстового упражнения : соотнесение(matching(5 мин.)
- 2) Выступление независимых экспертов по теме: «Слухи в интернете» Высказывание в защиту и против данного влияния.

- 3) Работа с текстом по теме «Слухи в интернете», выполнение заданий по тексту, высказывание защитников и противников.
- 4) Выступление защитников и противников.
- 5) Обсуждение будущей резолюции по проблеме и создание резолюции.
- Выступление независимого эксперта о соцопросе обучающихся(факты, выводы, диаграмма).
- 5. Заключительная часть, итоги

Подробный ход урока

N⁰	Этап vnova		
115	Этап урока	Деятельность	Деятельность ученика
		учителя	
1	Организационны	-Good	-Good morning, teacher.
	й момент.	m a min a	
		morning,	
	Приветствие	children. Sit	
		down, please.	
		I'm very glad	
		to see you.	
2	Целеполагание.	-First of all I	- We've spoken about internet rumours, social
		want you to	media, tweets
		answer my	
		question:	
		What topic	
		have we been	
		discussing	
		during a few	- It's so popular because social nets and tweets
		previous	
		weeks?	influences people's lives all over the world
			-We'll probably systemize our knowledge;
		- Why is this	
		topic so	-I think we'll discuss advantages and
		popular	disadvantages of social media, internet rumours;
		nowadays?	-we'll come to some conclusions on this topic;
			-we'll try to work out our attitude towards internet

N⁰	Этап урока	Деятельность учителя	Деятельность ученика
		Te dere vice '11	
		- Today we'll have the final	rumours
		lesson on this	
		topic. What do you think	
		we'll do at	
		this lesson?	
		- All of you	
		are right and	
		as we are	
		actually going	
		to discuss	
		INTERNET	
		RUMOURS.	
		Today we'll	
		have a very	
		unusual	
		lesson as now	
		you are not	
		schoolchildre	
		n anymore but	
		representative	
		s of defenders	
		of rumours	
		and their	
		opponents.	
		We also have	
		the experts	
		who will give	
		you us all the	
		information	
		we need.	
		We'll discuss	
		some very	
		important	

№	Этап урока	Деятельность учителя	Деятельность ученика
		problems and try to come to some resolutions.	
3	Актуализация знаний.	 Now I'd like you to answer some question: What things do you associate internet rumours with? 	 As for me I associate it with different kinds of misinformation, disinformation and speculation. Disinformation is rumour intended to deceive. rumor, rumour, hearsay(verb) gossip (usually a mixture of truth and untruth) passed around by word of mouth
		- What does internet rumours mean?	rumor, rumour, bruit(verb) tell or spread rumors A rumor (American English) or rumour (British English; see spelling differences) is "a tall tale of explanations of events circulating from person to person and pertaining to an object, event, or issue in public concern."[1]
			In the social sciences, a rumor involves some kind of a statement whose veracity is not quickly or ever confirmed. In addition, some scholars have identified rumor as a subset of propaganda. Sociology, psychology, and communication studies have widely varying definitions of rumor.[2]

N⁰	Этап урока	Деятельность учителя	Деятельность ученика
		- So, what is a more general definition of internet rumour?	Rumors are also often discussed with regard to "misinformation" and "disinformation" (the former often seen as simply false and the latter seen as deliberately false, though usually from a government source given to the media or a foreign government).[3] Rumors thus have often been viewed as particular forms of other communication concepts.
		 That's right, you did it! Now let's remember in what spheres of our life globalization reveals itself. That's right. 	
4	Основная часть	 - the task is: read through the ideas below, match definition with number, - That's great, you did it brilliantly. And now we'll dwell on each of these items and try to find out the advantages 	Ученики выполняют задание на соотнесение(с использованием интерактивной доски, прил. 1)

N⁰	Этап урока	Деятельность учителя	Деятельность ученика			
		and disadvantages of I.R. as defenders and	(Эксперты представляют презентацию, прил.2)			
		opponents have different opinions on it. So let's turn to our experts and learn how rumours influence on our life. – exp.1: (report 1, presentation1) - Thank you very much. It's great.	Защитники оппоненты высказывают свои мнения			
		And now I want you to answer the question: What are advantages and disadvantages of rumours? (+ & -) - That will do. And now we'll talk				

N⁰	Этап урока	Деятельность	Деятельность ученика
		учителя	
		politics. Take	
		card 1 with	
		the texts: "Is	
		there a safe	
		seat in the	
		boat if it goes	
		down?" The	
		task is: read	
		the text and	
		put the	
		missing parts	
		of sentences	
		to the	
		appropriative	
		place. (2). The	
		text is rather	
		difficult?	
		-Let's check	
		your answers.	
		Well, you did	
		it!	
		- And now	
		let's discuss	
		what is good	
		or bad in	
		internet. (+&-	
)	
		- I know that	
		internet	
		attracts you	
		most of all	
		and now	
		you'll see a	
		short film	

№	Этап урока	Деятельность учителя	Деятельность ученика
		about internet	- (ученики выполняют задания по чтению: ,
		rumours.	прил.3)
		Please watch	
		the film and	
		answer the	
		questions.	
		- Well, it was	
		just beginning	
		as all of you	
		know quite	
		well all	
		advantages	
		and	
		disadvantages	
		of internet	
		rumours. (+&-	
)	
		- Our	
		discussion is	
		coming to the	
		end we are to	
		work out a	
		resolution:	
		how to cope	
		with internet	
		rumours.	
		What are your	
		conclusions?	
		Please, look	
		through the	
		list below and	
		choose those	
		ones that you	-(ученики смотрят видеосюжет и отвечают
		find essential.	на вопросы, прил.4)

№	Этап урока	Деятельность учителя	Деятельность ученика
		- I think, now one of you	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g8GKJ1GwFv g
		can print it on	
		the computer.	
		- And now	
		when we've	
		discussed all	
		the items and	
		took the	- (учащиеся обсуждают будущую резолюцию
		resolution I	по проблеме и создание резолюции, прил.5)
		must admit	
		that you did	
		everything	
		brilliantly as	
		you know a	
		lot about very	
		serious things	
		and you can	
		see their	
		advantages	
		and	
		disadvantages,	
		it's great. You	
		should know	
		that our	
		experts have	
		asked some	
		people what	
		they thought	
		about internet	
		rumours and	
		how it	
		influenced	
		their lives.	-(эксперты представляют результаты
		Now you will	оксперты преостивляют резулотиты

N⁰	Этап урока	Деятельность учителя	Деятельность ученика
		see the results of their survey	соц.опроса по «слухам», прил.6)
		-Thank you very much; it was very unexpected and interesting.	
		- You see, many people have no idea what internet rumours are	
		and they don't care about it. Well, it's their choice but	
		you are representative s of the future generation, it's you who	
		will live in the global village so you must know much,	
		learn foreignlanguages andget interestingprofessions.Only then you	

N⁰	Этап урока	Деятельность	Деятельность ученика
	~ 1	учителя	
		will be	
		successful.	
		But you	
		shouldn't	
		forget our	
		motherland,	
		our native	
		tongue, our	
		history and	
		culture. Good	
		luck!	
5	Заключительная	I think that all	
	часть, итоги	of you have	
		worked hard	
		and you	
		marks are the	
		following:	
		Your home	
		task for the	
		next lesson is:	
		write a short	
		article about	
		internet	
		rumours for	
		our local	
		newspaper, so	
		that people	
		could learn	
		more about it.	

Приложения

Приложение 1



A team of scientists are developing a system to check dangerous rumours that appear in social media. Read the article to find out more.

Have you heard the rumour that gossip isn't really bad?

Maybe this is true but in the age of smartphones and social media, rumours that aren't checked and circulate instantly can have a very negative impact. This is why a project supported by the European Union and involving five universities – Sheffield, Warwick, King's College London, Saarland in Germany and MODUL University Vienna in Austria – is developing a 'lie detector' for checking social media. The three-year project is named after the mythological Greek Goddess of rumour – 'Pheme'. Lead researcher Dr Kalina Bontcheva, from the Department of Computer Science in the University of Sheffield's Faculty of Engineering, explains that the work began back in 2011 and 2012, looking at rumours circulating in the London riots.

A team analysed the tweets that were circulating. One rumour even said that animals had been released from London Zoo. 'They identified different kinds of misinformation, disinformation and speculation,' explains Dr Bontcheva, 'mostly concentrating on seven rumours which were pure disinformation.'

Disinformation is rumour intended to deceive.

Automated rumour check

Dr Bontcheva started working in this field in 1996. She originally analysed news before moving into the world of social media. The current project aims to check rumours automatically in real time – the previous study had been all manually done. They are looking at four types of rumours – speculation, controversy, misinformation and disinformation – each with specific characteristics. For example says Dr Bontcheva, the area of 'speculation' concerns activities such as speculation on 'whether the Bank of England is going to raise interest rates. You don't know until this actually happens. The real challenge for us is how to recognise these things automatically and the different properties that they have over time.' The system will check where the information is coming from, for example from a journalist or from an instantly created Twitter account.

Healthcare rumour

It's not just news events that rumours build and circulate around. Healthcare professionals already take into account the internet search by patients of their symptoms, through official information sites or through unofficial patient forums. One of the research areas Dr Bontcheva is most excited by is the use for medical professionals who give their opinion about controversial issues – Alzheimer's disease, for example, and the debate in press, social media and in medical publications about this disease. The system the team are developing would help people understand medical rumours. Is a certain kind of information agreeing with what most doctors say? Or is it not? It doesn't make it wrong says Dr

Bontcheva. But it helps doctors advise on how much we can trust this information.

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Science UK: Internet rumours – text

While the internet breeds 'viral' information and misinformation, technology also develops new technological 'antibodies' to help cure the effects of this misinformation. 'That idea of "antibodies" is a nice way of looking at it,' says Dr Bontcheva, reflecting on how this app may help when we worry

ourselves unnecessarily. 'It is quite easy to convince yourself that you have got a particular disease, whatever it seems to be.' The healthcare part of the project will be tested by the Institute of Psychiatry at King's College London.

If you're interested in science check out the British Council's science magazine called <u>http://www.britishcouncil.org/cubed</u>.

Science UK: Internet rumours – exercises

Do the preparation task first to help you with the difficult vocabulary. Then read the article and do the exercises to check your understanding.

Preparation: matching

Match the vocabulary with the correct definition and write a-f next to the numbers 1-6.

1	tweets	a.	a story which may not be true
2	deceive	b.	information about the lives of other people which is often not true
3	rumour	C.	a violent disturbance involving a lot of people
4	antibodies	d.	postings made on Twitter
5	riot	e.	to make somebody believe something that isn't true
6	gossip	f.	something in the body which protects you from illness

1. Check your understanding: multiple choice

Circle the best answer to these questions.

1. A team of scientists are working on a system which ...

- a. will help stop illegal companies doing business on the internet.
- b. will stop dangerous people from posting in social media sites.
- c. will help stop false information getting into social media.

2. Disinformation is ...

- a. wrong information caused by someone making a mistake.
- b. wrong information which is started to make people believe something that isn't true.
- c. wrong information which some people think is true.

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3. Speculation is ...

- a. information which could be correct but might not be correct.
- b. information which is definitely not true.
- c. information about what a bank might do in the future.

4. The new system will look at ...

- a. why rumours begin.
- b. where information comes from.
- c. why journalists start rumours.

5. The new system would ...

- a. stop doctors from making posts about medicine in social media.
- b. help doctors to understand how Alzheimer's disease is caused.
- c. give people more information about medical rumours.



Learn**English** Teens

Science UK: Internet rumours – exercises

6. Technological 'antibodies' ...

- a. help solve technological problems.
- b. help solve problems caused by wrong information.
- c. help solve problems caused by a computer virus.

2. Check your phrasal verbs: gap fill – using the verbs

Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first, using the word given. You should write 3 or 4 words.

1. Many people believe false information which circulates in social media.

IN

Many people	by	false	information	which	circulates	in
social media.						

2. Dr Bontcheva started working in this field in 1996.

WORKING

Dr Bontcheva ______ in this field since 1996.

3. It is hoped that the current project will be able to check rumours automatically in real time. CAPABLE

It is hoped that the current project will be ______ rumours automatically in real time.

4. The new system would help people understand medical rumours better.

OF

The new system would give people ______ medical rumours.

5. The system will help doctors advise on the quality of the medical information in social media.

GIVE

The system will help doctors ______ the quality of the medical information in social media.

6. The healthcare part of the project will be tested by the Institute of Psychiatry at King's College

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Видеосюжет о влиянии непроверенных фактов, слухов на жизнь людей

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g8GKJ1GwFvg

Resolution

- 1. Internet rumour is inevitable so we cannot prevent it from influencing our lives.
- 2. Russia should develop its cultural life and ignore the process of tweeting.
- 3. Young people should get good education, learn foreign languages, travel abroad as well as preserve their mother tongues, history and culture.
- 4. People can watch foreign films and listen to foreign music but they shouldn't ignore their own cultural achievements.
- 5. Russia shouldn't care about what's going on in other countries..
- 6. Our country needs well-educated broad-minded specialists in different fields of science to become a powerful and independent state.
- 7. People of different nationalities and countries should solve global problems together.

Презентация социологического опроса по глобализации:

Last week we asked people to take part in our survey and to answer 4 questions about internet rumours. To our great surprise many people refused to participate in the survey because they had no idea what internet rumour is. Those who agreed gave us the following answers:

1. <u>Does internet rumours influence economical, political and social life of the country?</u> 20 percent answered: NO: 20 percent answered: IDON'T KNOW: 60

-20 percent answered: NO; 20 percent answered: IDON'T KNOW; 60 percent answered: YES.

- <u>Should people try to stop</u> internet rumours trends in Russian society?
 -50 percent answered: NO; 5 percent answered: I DON'T KNOW; 45 percent answered: YES.
- 3. What are advantages of internet rumours?
 -Unity of peoples;
 Joint solution of problems;
 -The emergence of mutual;
 -Increased competition;
 Underdeveloped countries participate in the

-Underdeveloped countries participate in the production of brand goods; -Location of industries in different countries;

-Improving the living standards of society; Social growth.

4. What are disadvantages of internet rumours?

-Loss of the country's culture;

-disappearance of the original traditions;

-loss of individual traits of culture;

-the crisis in the country's cultural life;

-Decrease of our society.